

SHE IS IN DOUBT.

Woman Who Was Attacked by a Negro at Springfield

Is Now Uncertain Regarding Her Previous Identification.

CAN PROVE AN ALIBI.

Cause of the Rioting Declares He Is Not Guilty.

The Militia Now Has the Situation Under Control.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 17.—Mrs. Earl Hallam, victim of the attack in Springfield, which started the race war, is in doubt about the identity of her assailant. In an interview she declared that she was uncertain whether Richardson, who is now a prisoner in Bloomington, is the guilty man.

Mrs. Hallam's greatest concern now, is over the race war which resulted from her misfortune. Although herself probably the most pitiful sufferer from the attack, she shows genuine regret over the general bloodshed and destruction and says that she would rather die herself than to have been the innocent cause of such a carnival of crime.

Claims an Alibi.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 17.—The claim of George Richardson, the alleged attacker of Mrs. Hallam and one of the negroes spirited reached an acute stage before the rioting reached its height, that he could prove an alibi in the accusation against him is generally credited here.

A Thing of the Past.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 17.—The race war which began here last night is believed to be a thing of the past. Last night passed without untoward incident and it was confidently asserted today by those in charge of the situation that the worst of any size will form from now on. Sporadic cases of disorderly conduct may and probably will claim the attention of the militia, but it is not anticipated that the troops will be confronted by any serious tasks.

Springfield today entered upon the second stage of riot history—the investigation of outrages and the arrest of the guilty. A special grand jury was summoned this morning by Judge James A. Creighton, of the Sangamon county circuit court as a result of a consultation he had yesterday afternoon between Governor Charles R. Deneen and State's Attorney Frank Hatch. Both of these officials were of the opinion that this step should be taken.

The grand jury will be held in session as long as mob violence is threatened. Evidence will be submitted to the body from day to day by officers and soldiers and indictments returned as soon as a case is made against an individual.

A large amount of evidence implicating many citizens of this city has been obtained during the rioting and this will be submitted to the grand jury. Suspects have been arrested each day during the rioting and will be held awaiting the deliberations of the official body.

Headquarters have been established at 114 North Seventh street, just opposite the county jail by State's Attorney Hatch. The evidence that will be collected at this place. The purpose of establishing headquarters at this place is to facilitate matters in gathering evidence from the police officers, deputies and soldiers.

General Young Is Confident.

The confidence of General Young that his force in the rioting is rendering abortive any attempt at mob violence is fully shared by the negroes. Many more of them from the residence districts came to the arsenal today, swelling the number of troops. The negroes have left the place since they entered. It is feared that their very presence would incite a lawless mob and they are held as closely as the ammunition kept in the building. None is to be seen through the open doors of the arsenal and no negro is to go in or out of the building. The color guard is stationed from the kitchen of the militia, which are located just across the alley from the west entrance to the building. The negroes are being quarantined and apparently satisfied.

It is estimated that 1,500 negroes have left the city since Friday. Some of them never to return. The exodus has taken them to Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Decatur, Bloomington, Lincoln, Carlinville, East St. Louis and Jacksonville. Some have left the city and the kingdom of Callaway in Missouri and Kentucky and even Louisiana will be expected to furnish new homes for the refugees.

Troops A, C, D, F, and I, of the First cavalry, arrived from Chicago today on a special train. They brought with them 150 horses and full camp equipment. By 6 o'clock the tents were pitched at Ninth and Jefferson streets and the odor of steaming coffee and frying bacon soon arose to tantalize the appetite. The new work and a night ride, with the troops and the wagons which Adjutant General Scott calls his Shafter cavalry. It is declared soldiers in sufficient numbers to handle any situation can be rushed to any part of the city in ten minutes to prevent serious damage to property.

Caught Cutting Wires.

With nearly the entire force of the Illinois National guard in control today Springfield again is ruled by the law. Fifty-five hundred armed soldiers patrol the streets and the fear for blood has been temporarily at least among the negroes. The city is ruled by the state capital for 48 hours. There has been comparatively little disturbance since the Second infantry moved into the city. The Second infantry moved into the city yesterday afternoon. The coming also of the Seventh infantry and the First cavalry, both of Chicago, had been heralded all over the city, and this went far toward bringing about peace.

An attempt was made to cut the fire alarm wires but was not successful. The man who would have cut off the fire protection of the city was discovered on the roof of a building in a dozen shots from troops who were on patrol in court house square were

aimed at him as he stealthily climbed toward the wires.

One bullet probably hit him for he dropped to the roof of the building, but made a successful escape. To this attack is added the attempt to fire the negro section on the northwest side of Springfield. Prompt action of the first department, co-operating with a battalion of the First infantry, stopped the impending conflagration.

A platoon of infantry was dispatched to Harvard Park, a new suburb just outside the city limits to the south. Shortly before midnight. Several shots had been fired, but so far as could be learned, nobody was injured. The troops soon returned to headquarters. The county jail, the suburb is adjacent to the main shaft of the Central coal mine, where many negroes are employed.

Put in a Busy Night.

Throughout the night headquarters of the two brigades had frequently called on friendly citizens who requested protection from suspicious characters.

With the death yesterday of William Donagan, an aged negro, who was lynched Saturday night, and Frank Dillmore, a white man, who was shot while watching the rioting, the list of known dead was increased to five. Right now the negroes are expected to recover and the unknown list is still figured at 15.

Springfield is steeped in the deepest sorrow. The capital of Illinois is truly realizing the sadness of her state, but she has determined to take the most vigorous steps to reassert justice and order.

John Hatch, who at the instance of and with the co-operation of Governor Deneen, stands in the van of this movement is backed by three-fourths of the citizens of Springfield, and since the beginning of the rioting fourth when they realize what he will attempt to do. The exceptions are the 200 prisoners now in jail for rioting, who stand in the way of his plan.

The special grand jury which the state's attorney was to request today. A careful estimate places the number of negroes, who have left Springfield since the beginning of the race war at 2,000. There are still many negroes left in Springfield, but of these many are planning to go at the first opportunity.

The lack of ready money, presence of relatives and friends with whom to visit and property interests here have kept many behind. Some of the capital paring ones, however, have left the city to return. The awful experiences they have undergone the last three days have been too much for their nerves and they will seek some residence in the big cities of the north.

Negro Shot in the Back.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Walter Allen, a young colored man, and several companions leered at a policeman who had ordered them to move on. An encounter between Allen and the officer followed with the result that Allen was shot and seriously wounded in the back. His companions ran away.

Negro Law and Order League.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—A law and order league, composed of negro residents of the South side, to stamp out lawlessness and crime in the "Black Belt" of Chicago and to prevent any such negroes from coming to the city, will be formed tomorrow night at a mass meeting in the Institutional African M. E. church. The league will be formed to form an organization was taken as the result of a stirring appeal by the Rev. H. E. Stewart, pastor of the church.

The league and the movement of the negro race always has and will continue to affect the better element of the white will affect that race," the speaker declared. "Our people are judged by the worst element of our race and unless we rise and condemn and fight against this lawless element we will be judged by the worst element of our race and unless we rise and condemn and fight against this lawless element we will be judged by the worst element of our race."

He Had a White Wife.

Springfield, Aug. 17.—Among the refugees in the arsenal is Mrs. William Donagan, white widow of the aged negro who was shot Saturday and whose death followed yesterday.

I left my sons to take care of the house, she said. I was afraid to stay there any longer. It is because of her marriage to Donagan that the mob feeling against her husband is believed to have been aroused.

Alex. Richardson, brother of the man whose alleged attack on Mrs. Hallam started Friday night's outbreak is among the negroes in the arsenal. He is being held as a suspect. "I had my run for life yesterday. I was driving a team in the outskirts of town yesterday afternoon when a crowd of white men came. They were about eight of them and all were on foot except two who were on bicycles. They stoned and said 'let's get that nigger,' but I whipped up my horse and ran."

Rumors that A. Rayner, the St. Louis man who was arrested for alleged participation in the lynching of William Donagan on Saturday night, had confessed to police could only be partially verified today. Rayner denies that he was concerned in the actual killing of Donagan, saying that he was across the street when the shot was fired. He gave the police the names of several others, who he declared were guilty of participation in the outrage. None of these persons are known, however. Rayner and Kate Howard, the latter accused of participating in the wrecking of Loper's restaurant, are the only prisoners against whom the police claim to have damning evidence. Howard woman has been released on bail. The explicit charge against her is grand larceny. She told the police she entered the restaurant merely for the purpose of securing souvenirs of the Friday riot.

The police and state's attorney are meeting with the usual difficulties in their attempts to discover the leaders of the riot. Every persons arrested asserts that he or she was present merely as a spectator and the prisoner can't produce several friends to substantiate this claim. Then there is the plea of the patrolmen that they "could not recognize any of the rioters."

Governor Deneen, who has been working almost incessantly night and day, was up at 7 a. m. today ready for the day's work. Before noon he visited

BOLTER BLOWS UP

Pleasure Steamer on Carp Lake, Mich., Wrecked by Explosion.

Many of the Passengers Hurled Into the Water.

ONE PERSON KILLED.

Two Fatally Injured and Several Badly Hurt.

Some Were Scalded and a Dozen Are Missing.

Traverse City, Mich., Aug. 17.—One person is known to be dead, a dozen or more are missing and supposed to be drowned, two are fatally injured and a number are seriously hurt, as the result of the blowing up of the steamer Leelanau on Carp lake today. The steamer which plies between the resorts on Carp lake was on the way from Leelanau to Fouché, on its early morning trip. Between 30 and 40 passengers were on board. At 7:30 the boiler of the steamer blew up, hurling many into the lake, and scalding others. The upper works were entirely blown to pieces.

Following is a list of the dead and injured:

The Dead:

MRS. ISABEL LABONTE, 35, Traverse City.

The Injured:

John Hartung, Leland, dying.

Russell Mills, Ann Arbor, scalded; condition critical.

Stanley Mills, Ann Arbor, scalded; serious.

Cook, Traverse City, badly scalded.

Miles Atwood, Leland, slightly scalded.

Richard Steffans, Leland, slightly scalded.

Mrs. Ralph Hastings, Traverse City, badly injured.

Ralph Hastings, city treasurer, Traverse City, slightly injured.

Other others are slightly hurt.

Carp lake lies in the northern Michigan resort district, being located in the peninsula between Lake Michigan and Lake Huron. Among the passengers of the Leelanau were a number of resorters from other states, but the list of casualties contains only the names of Michigan people.

Only one aboard pleasure seekers bound for Traverse City to attend a wild west circus, the little steamer was plunging down the narrow lake with a steam pressure of 80 pounds trying to make up the time that had been lost in the early stages of the trip. As she was passing the Bing, the engineer discovered a loose bolt in the engine and shut off the steam to remedy the defect. It was while he was working on the loose bolt that the explosion occurred. The boiler gave away with a crash, tearing off the top of the engine and demolishing the pilot house and the upper works of the steamer, but leaving Engineer Edward Hardy unscathed by the havoc that swept aboard.

The force of the explosion had all been directed forward. Mrs. Labonte sitting near the pilot house conversing with her brother, Charles Moser, captain of the boat, was blown far out into the water terribly mangled and John Hartung, who was at the wheel, was probably fatally injured. All those injured are sitting in the forward part of the boat. Many were thrown into the water and clung to the wreckage until rescued by farmers living along the shore, although some were able to swim. The injured were brought to Traverse City. The steamer was tied to a wharf for repairs. She is 54 feet long with 12 feet beam and was rebuilt last season.

HE SHOOTS AN EDITOR.

Captain Hains, U. S. A., Mortally Wounds William E. Annis.

New York, Aug. 17.—Captain Peter Conover Hains, son of Brigadier General Peter Cooper Hains, and one of the most widely known young officers in the United States army, shot and mortally wounded William E. Annis, editor and owner of Burr McIntosh's Monthly, at the pier of the Bay-side Yacht club in Bay-side, L. I.

Annis died a few hours later in a flushing hospital—the victim of a husband's revenge. For years he had been numbered among Captain Hains' most intimate friends. But it is charged, he took advantage of the officer's absence in the Philippines on duty to win away the young and beautiful Mrs. Hains. She confessed to her husband when he made a hurried trip home. First, a divorce suit, instituted in June, with Annis as the co-respondent, and then the shooting were the results of the confession.

Annis' wife, accompanied by her two children, witnessed the shooting from the club house piazza. Just a moment before the first shot was fired, she caught sight of Captain Hains' uniform. Scouting danger, she called to her husband and tried to warn him, but he did not hear her. She collapsed in a state of hysteria as she saw Annis fall.

Weather Indications.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Forecast for Kansas: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Lower temperature.

the refugees and listened to their stories of distress. He had a word of encouragement for each. The Seventh regiment have not secured any camping ground as yet, being still bivouacked along the curb on the Second street side of the arsenal.

Springfield Refugees in Bloomington.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 17.—Crowds of colored refugees from Springfield are coming to Bloomington for shelter among people of their own race. Most of them walked long distances and also have been helped through by crews of the interurban lines. Most possessions are penniless and all their possessions are carried in small bundles.

A movement has been started to give them assistance.

HERE ARE THE MEN

Those Nominated for Legislature in Kansas.

Glenn Nominee for Senator in Dumont Smith's District.

MR. REEDER HAS MORE

His Majority Over Ham Is Nearly Five Hundred.

Several Close Votes May Result in Contests.

Tuesday, August 18, is the day for the state canvassing board to meet, and there are still four counties which have not made their report of the canvass of the recent primary election. These four candidates are Cloud, Jewell, Lyon and Ford. Sedgwick county is only partially returned.

The State Journal prints today for the first time a list of the Republican and Democratic candidates for member of the next Kansas house of representatives, with the exception of a few Democratic candidates whose names have not yet been reported.

In every district in the state, with one exception, the Republicans have a candidate in the field. The one exception is the Sixth district in Leavenworth county where the Democratic vote is said to be about 10 to 1. There are a number of districts in the state where the Democrats have no candidate, but in some of these the Republican will be opposed by an Independent or Socialist candidate.

There were a number of close contests for nomination to the legislature, and some of these will probably have to be decided before a contest board.

In Wilson county Robt. Loofburrow beat W. J. Burris for the Republican nomination by a vote of 751 to 750.

In Butler county, C. H. Selig beat H. A. Coppins by a vote of 458 to 450.

In Morris county, M. F. Amrine beat J. H. Smart by a vote of 566 to 557.

In Barber county, William Gesner beat Samuel Griffin by a vote of 374 to 370.

In the 125th district, composed of Morton and Stevens counties, Richard Brolier received 105 votes and J. C. Ellis 100.

Glenn for State Senator.

Complete returns from the big Thirty-eighth senatorial district show that the total vote for the Republican candidates for state senator in the 18 counties which comprise the district was as follows:

Glenn, 1,417; Foulks, 1,375; Fred Demott, 928; Rogers, 723. It has been supposed that Foulks was the nominee in this district. The district went for Bristow for United States senator.

Glenn was nominated by the Democrats in the Thirty-eighth district and will run against Glenn. Sweeney was a Democratic representative from Pawnee county in the last legislature.

In the Thirty-ninth district, which takes a block of 13 counties in northwestern Kansas, the vote was as follows: William Wells, 3,551; A. B. Jones, 2,351. Jones was therefore beaten by 1,200 majority. The Democratic candidate in this district will be Fred Robertson.

The Ham-Reeder Contest.

Complete returns from the Sixth congressional district show that Reeder's total vote for congress was 7,511 and Ham's was 7,025, a majority for Reeder of 486. It is not likely that a contest in the face of such a big majority would be very profitable to Mr. Ham.

In the First district congressional district, Anthony received 15,156 votes, and F. M. Pearl, the Democratic nominee received 3,438.

In the Second congressional district, Sheridan received 5,555.

In the Third returns are not complete. P. P. Campbell is the Republican nominee, and T. J. Hudson is the Democratic.

In the Fourth, with Lyon county missing, the total vote is Miller 6,950; Tucker 4,025. T. H. Grisham is the Democratic nominee.

In the Fifth, the vote was Calderhead 5,971; Rees 5,040; Smith, 2,184. R. A. Lovett is the Democratic nominee.

In the Sixth, Reeder is the Republican nominee and J. R. Connolly the Democratic.

In the Seventh, E. H. Madison is the Republican nominee and Sam I. Hale the Democratic.

In the Eighth, Victor Murdock is the Republican nominee and F. B. Lawrence the Democratic.

Republican Vote Over 120,000.

The following shows the vote on the more important contested offices on both tickets, and some comparisons with former votes:

United States senator, Republican—Bristow 59,692; Stubb 52,763; Long 52,763.

Bristow's majority 7,229.

With four counties missing.

Governor, Republican—Stubb 67,229; Borkin 51,945; Leland 51,945.

Stubb's majority 16,175.

With four counties missing.

Governor, Democratic—Borkin 20,379; Harrison 7,658; Ryan 12,767.

Borkin's plurality 7,612.

With four counties missing.

Hope, Prohibition, 602, with five counties missing.

Hibner, Socialist, 2,141, with five counties missing.

Attorney general, Republican—Jackson 77,485; Williams 20,314.

Jackson's majority 57,171.

With five counties missing.

Attorney general, Democratic—Freer 21,624; Meek 15,391.

Freer's majority 6,033.

With five counties missing.

State printer, Republican—Austin 24,500; McNeal 48,023; Reid 20,487.

McNeal's plurality 13,433.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

HEARS LAWSON.

Wall Street Is Disturbed by the New Campaign.

Inaugurated by the Boston Broker and Financier.

HE FINDS IMITATORS.

Tips Sent Out to People of Small Means.

Much Fear Felt That They Will Lose Their Money.

New York, Aug. 17.—Nothing in years has excited so deep a suppressed condemnation in financial and mercantile circles in the city as the present stock-jobbing operation which Thomas W. Lawson of Boston is endeavoring to carry on. It is too early as yet to judge how great harm will come to the public from Lawson's irresponsible appeal for money, but the evil effects of his advertising methods are already distinctly visible.

For the Bostonian has had a host of imitators, and as a result New York is afflicted with a pest of "tipsters" who are making the wildest efforts to stir up a general gambling fever. The newspapers and financial journals are widely criticised for lending their columns to these wild-cat advertisements, and there is considerable talk of asking the Stock Exchange to see if some means of prevention cannot be devised.

Promises of profits in stock speculation as dazzling and impossible as the dreams of rampant speculation may be, are being spread broadcast, not only by advertising, but by methods which Wall Street in its most booming days never heard of. Tipsters circulating the Lawson claims of untold profits have now taken to the telephone. During the last week an army of them have been calling up brokers and small investors who have no financial knowledge and telling them to buy this or that stock for a rise.

To the same class of people postal cards, each carefully written in pencil, have been sent bearing similar appeals. This work has been supplemented by rumors started by talk of the Lawson claims of untold profits and retail commercial districts.

As a result more than one business man has expressed his fear that a period of rampant speculation may be started which would put an effective crimp in the revival of prosperity. Financial men admit this possibility. They are, however, furnishing no aid in obscuring the legitimate functions of the stock exchange and threatening to bring that institution into public disrepute.

YOUNG FOR CHAIRMAN.

Mitchell County Senator Suggested for Head of State Committee.

Beloit, Kan., Aug. 17.—Both the Republicans and Democrats of Mitchell county rounded up here Saturday afternoon. That is, the two county committees met in separate rooms in the court house, at the same time, to elect new chairmen and secretaries and talk over the matters for the good of the respective parties. The two organizations met in separate rooms in the court house, at the same time, to elect new chairmen and secretaries and talk over the matters for the good of the respective parties.

The Mitchell county Democratic committee is entirely harmonious. J. C. Eresch was unanimously re-elected chairman, and T. C. Rodgers, secretary and treasurer. Mr. Eresch, who is recognized as being one of the shrewd politicians in the county, predicted the success of Bryan for president and claimed that if the party in Mitchell county would pull together the Democrats would elect the big majority of the county ticket. Mr. Eresch filled the office of chairman of the county, and was one of the delegates from the Sixth district to the Denver national convention.

Short talks were also made by Anson S. Cooke, the Democratic nominee for state senator in the Jewell Mitchell district; J. Wilton Higgins, Joseph Gaston, Dan Gansel, G. R. Howard, E. T. Booker, R. G. Heard and others.

ATWOOD TO FIGHT FOR IT.

Organize a Commercial Club to Work to Retain Telegraph Office.

Atwood, Aug. 17.—As soon as the people of Atwood learned that the telegraph company contemplated moving the office away from the town, business men organized a Commercial club. Those who know the people of Atwood best can't help admiring their nerve. They fought the B. & M. road for years and finally came out successful and compelled that railroad to put in a depot. Now they have organized a Commercial club to prevent the removal of the telegraph office, and for the purpose of drawing to Atwood any enterprise tending to promote the best interests of the town. The club starts out with a membership of about 50. The officers elect are: President, J. H. Briney; vice president, C. P. Kurth; secretary, H. M. Burges; treasurer, John M. Burton. The club has been needed in Atwood, and it will be the means of doing the greatest good. With the organization of the club fine rains

IT IS COOLER TODAY.

Mercury Drops to Eighty Degrees After Reaching Eighty-five.

The mercury reading at 2 o'clock today was 80, which is 14 degrees lower than at the corresponding hour Sunday which it lacked but 2 degrees of reaching the record mark of the season. Cloudy weather has prevailed since the middle of the forenoon and the temperatures have been gradually decreasing since noon when the maximum for the day was reached with a registration of 85.

A light wind prevailed from the north since early morning and about noon it increased in velocity until it registered 12 miles an hour and materially reduced the temperature which was steadily climbing. The indications are that a number of showers have fallen in this section of the state since a slight rain has occurred in Topeka. The forecast indicates fair weather for Tuesday with about such temperatures as have prevailed during the latter part of today.

Light Rain This Afternoon.

A light drizzling rain began falling at 2:30 o'clock further lowering the temperature. The drizzling continued for ten minutes amounted to one hundredth of an inch and the weather department said that it was just as much as the shower is over. The shower was not predicted by the weather bureau.

MRS. NATION HERE

Is Just as Enthusiastic as of Old.

Takes a Shot at Beer Advertising on Bill Boards.

Carrie Nation, the same old Carrie Nation of Kansas joint smashing fame, landed in Topeka this morning and released several times while out for exercise. Another story which is in circulation is that because of Waitje's habit of running away, he was left alone with the patients, and the patients were taken out for exercise. J. T. Bartley, the man who was killed, was sent to the asylum from Edwards county about a year ago. Edward Waitje was taken from Washington county last January.

An inquest was called this morning at the state hospital, and after hearing the evidence, the jury found the following verdict:

"We find that J. T. Bartley came to his death by being strangled with a rope which was in the hands of Edward Waitje, an inmate of the hospital, who is insane and unaccountable for his act."

We further find that the death of the said Bartley was an unavoidable accident, and we exonerate the management of the state hospital from any blame.

Dr. Biddle's Statement.

Dr. C. B. Biddle, superintendent of the state hospital for the insane, made a statement to the State Journal today, in which he said:

"The facts in this case, so far as I can learn from a strict investigation, and hearing the evidence given by the employees at the inquest this morning, are as follows: Both the man who was killed and the man who killed him, have been confined to their beds in that ward. Bartley was really ill, and suffering from paralysis. The other man, who spoke most of his time in the hospital and refused to talk, we consider chronic hypochondriac. The fact that he killed his fellow patient shows that his physical health was good, although he has refused to talk except at brief intervals, for a long time."

"When one of the attendants of that ward took the other patients out for exercise Saturday evening, an attendant named Bartley was left in charge of the two patients in the ward. He says he looked in at their rooms, and finding them in bed as usual, went to his bed. He was absent, he says, he heard a slight noise, but nothing indicative of any violence, but upon returning to his patients, he found one of them named Bartley, who was in the act of strangling the other. The other man refused to say anything, and returned to his bed after killing his fellow patient."

"Edward Waitje has not been considered dangerous, but rather in the light of an invalid. He is morose and refuses to speak a word. The story that he has given trouble by running away is without foundation, as he has been out but a few times."

"I furnished all the evidence we could find here to the coroner's jury this morning."

BRYAN AT CITY PARK.

Will Deliver Address on Guaranty Bank Deposit Law.

William Jennings Bryan will deliver his bank deposit guaranty address in Topeka at the City park on the afternoon of Thursday, August 27. An effort was being made to arrange to have the address on the state house steps, but Secretary of State Denton refused to give his permission. He said the crowds would spoil the grounds, and that he wouldn't let anybody have the state house steps for a speechmaking, no, not even the great William H. Bryan. The Bryan meeting in Topeka will be one of the big events of the Democratic campaign, not only in the state, but in the nation.

It is the intention to make the occasion an exceptional one. Mr. Bryan will be quartered at the Hotel Troop. He will be met at the train when he reaches Topeka by a large committee and by members of the state central committee.

Merchants and business men of the city have been asked to decorate the business district with appropriate flags and bunting, as showing the proper courtesy to the Nebraskan.

An effort was being made for handling a big crowd in Topeka on that day. If the weather is rainy, the meeting will be held in the Auditorium.